2014 Annual Conference
2-4 October

“Community and Problem-Oriented Policing: A Multi-Disciplinary Approach

Schlitterbahn Waterpark & Resort

South Padre Island, Texas
President’s Welcome

Greetings!

Welcome to the 38th annual meeting of the Southwestern Association of Criminal Justice at sunny South Padre Island. The officers of SWACJ have worked hard this past year so that our members and guests may enjoy a conference that is relaxing, informative, and enjoyable. We know that you all work hard during the year with your respective classes and agencies, and that your time and travel funds are limited, so we have prepared as much as we can for this conference to make it as worthwhile as possible. You will not be disappointed.

Our program starts Thursday afternoon with our popular Undergraduate Quiz Bowl as well as a special presentation by Mary K. Stohr, the Executive Director of the Academy of Criminal Justice Sciences (ACJS), SWACJ’s parent organization. Thursday evening we will have our Student Reception at the Sea4ever Rooftop Bar & Grill with a spectacular view of the ocean, and our Past President’s Reception on the Black Dragon Pirate Ship as we cruise the bay and enjoy refreshments and entertainment.

Friday is full of panels and presentations, as well as the student CSI competition in the afternoon. Our Keynote Speaker at our luncheon will be Dallas County Sheriff Lupe Valdez, a veritable example of this year’s conference theme “Community and Problem-Oriented Policing: a Multi-Disciplinary Approach”. We invite you to join us Friday afternoon for our ice cream social at the start of our General Business Meeting, where we will announce the winners of our student competitions, the Felix Fabian Founder’s Award, hold officer elections, discuss future conference locations, and handle other business. We aim to have everyone out as quickly as possible so we may all enjoy the variety of restaurants on the island.

Saturday morning also has a full slate of panels. Although we will wrap up the conference by noon, we encourage you to stay to enjoy the many activities and attractions available on the island, including the annual Sandcastle Days event. The indoor waterpark at our host hotel will be available on Saturday and Sunday for those who purchase tickets.
Special thanks for the success of this conference go out to our contributors and sponsors, to our host hotel, the city convention center staff, and our host institutions.

I look forward to seeing each and every one of you throughout the conference.

James Blair
2013-2014 SWACJ President

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**Honored Guests**

**Brian Payne**
2014 – 2015 President, Academy of Criminal Justice Sciences

**Mary K. Stohr**
Executive Director, Academy of Criminal Justice Sciences

**Lupe Valdez**
Sheriff, Dallas County Sheriff’s Office
## 2014 Executive Board

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>University/Institution</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>President</td>
<td>James Blair</td>
<td>South Texas College</td>
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<tr>
<td>First Vice President</td>
<td>Jiletta Kubena</td>
<td>Our Lady of the Lake Univ.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Second Vice President</td>
<td>George Day</td>
<td>East Texas Baptist Univ.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Treasurer</td>
<td>Tom Jordan</td>
<td>Texas A&amp;M - Texarkana</td>
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<tr>
<td>Secretary</td>
<td>Christine A. Nix</td>
<td>Univ. of Mary Hardin-Baylor</td>
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<tr>
<td>Webmaster</td>
<td>William (Bill) Stone</td>
<td>Texas State University</td>
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<tr>
<td>Immediate Past President</td>
<td>Claudia San Miguel</td>
<td>Texas A&amp;M International</td>
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<td>Regional Trustee</td>
<td>David Montague</td>
<td>Univ. Arkansas Little Rock</td>
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<tr>
<td>Journal Editor</td>
<td>Willard Oliver</td>
<td>Sam Houston State Univ.</td>
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# Past Presidents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Years</th>
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<tr>
<td>Felix Fabian</td>
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<td>Bill Parker</td>
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<td>Larry Hoover</td>
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<td>Jim Alexander</td>
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<td>Ed Farris</td>
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<td>Charles Chastain</td>
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<td>Bob Walsh</td>
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<td>Robert Grant</td>
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<td>John Hudgens</td>
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<td>Pauline Loveless</td>
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<td>Phil Rhoades</td>
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<td>Mary Parker</td>
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<td>Bud Canutsen</td>
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<td>Sam Souryal</td>
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<td>Jody Crowley</td>
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<td>Barbara Hart</td>
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<td>Jeff Walker</td>
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<td>Tom Hawley</td>
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<td>Joy Pollock</td>
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<td>Janet Wilson</td>
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<td>James Golden</td>
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<td>Bill Stone</td>
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<td>W. Wesley Johnson</td>
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<td>Al Patenaude</td>
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<td>Verna Henson</td>
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<td>Beth Pelz</td>
<td>2003-04</td>
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<td>Camille Gibson</td>
<td>2004-05</td>
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<td>Chip Burns</td>
<td>2005-06</td>
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<td>Jard M. Oliver</td>
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<td>Phil Rhoades</td>
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<td>Tracy Andrus</td>
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<td>David Montague</td>
<td>2009-10</td>
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<td>George Eichenberg</td>
<td>2010-11</td>
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Thank you to our 2014 SWACJ Sponsors & Supporters

- Academy of Criminal Justice Sciences (ACJS)
- City of South Padre Island Convention & Visitor Bureau
- College of Criminal Justice - Sam Houston State University
- Schlitterbahn Waterpark & Resort, South Padre Island
- Sue E. Ritter, University of Texas, Brownsville
- South Texas College Criminal Justice Club
- Students:
  - South Texas College
  - University of Mary Hardin-Baylor
  - University of Texas – Brownsville
- University of Texas – Brownsville – Criminal Justice Program
- University of Texas – Dallas
Crime is a core issue in any society, yet it’s a topic that is often clouded in mystery. It’s not easy to understand the causes and correlates of crime, the complex nature of antisocial behaviors, or to gauge how policymakers can change laws and policy to prevent future crimes. UT Dallas is the perfect place to explore these issues, with the School of Economic, Political, and Policy Sciences offering a Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) in Criminology. This challenging, interdisciplinary, research-oriented program is the first of its kind in Texas. Established in 2006, the UT Dallas Criminology Doctoral Program has experienced dramatic growth and embraces a culture of excellence in both scholarship and teaching. Come join this dynamic environment of advanced learning!

Study with internationally-recognized expert faculty:

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University of South Florida

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Washington State University

Mailing Address:
The University of Texas at Dallas
School of EPPS
800 West Campbell Rd., GR 31
Richardson, TX 75080
http://www.utdallas.edu/cri

Ph.D. in Criminology at UT Dallas

The doctoral program in Criminology is an interdisciplinary, rigorous, research-oriented degree offered through the School of Economic, Political, and Policy Sciences. Located north of downtown Dallas in the suburb of Richardson, UT Dallas is home to over 15,000 students and a world-class faculty. The objective of the Ph.D. program is to provide students with a coherent and intellectually challenging research degree that prepares them for an academic appointment as a university professor or an administrative appointment with oversight of research and development within a criminal justice or related organization. Graduates of the Ph.D. program will be competent to teach and conduct interdisciplinary research at both graduate and undergraduate levels in aspects of criminology and/or criminal justice depending on their specific areas of specialty. They also will be well prepared for analytical and administrative posts in international and domestic research and policy institutions and in the private sector.

Doctoral-level coursework emphasizes theories of criminal behavior, research methodologies and advanced methods of analysis, society’s response to crime, and public policy. To earn the Ph.D. in Criminology, students must 1) fulfill required coursework (36 credit hours beyond the MS level), 2) pass a qualifying exam at the end of Year 1, 3) pass a comprehensive exam after completing all coursework, and 4) successfully defend a dissertation. Students are strongly encouraged to author/co-author original research while enrolled (and typically do so).

Admissions requirements:

Graduate application

- Official transcripts showing at least a 3.5 cumulative GPA at graduate level
- Preferred GRE score of 300 (new score) or 1,000 (old score)
- 3 letters of recommendation
- Letter of intent/research interests

To be considered for funding, applications must be submitted IN FULL by February 15th of each year for fall admission. Otherwise fall and spring applications are accepted in accordance with university deadlines.

A funded teaching assistant (TA) and research assistant (RA) positions are available for the most qualified students. TA/RA positions are competitive and usually include a tuition waiver plus a monthly stipend during the academic year.

Contact Information

Dr. Robert Morris
Graduate Director
morris@utdallas.edu
972-883-6728

Ms. Laurie Brown
Program Assistant
lbrown@utdallas.edu
972-883-4982
ACJS 52nd Annual Meeting
“Broadening the Horizon of the Criminal Justice Sciences:
Looking Outward Rather Than Inward”
March 3-7, 2015
Caribe Royale All-Suite Hotel and Convention Center
Orlando, Florida

Welcome to South Padre Island, Texas
Denise Arnold
City of South Padre Island Convention & Visitors Bureau
7355 Padre Boulevard | South Padre Island, TX 78597
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OUR MASTER OF ARTS AND PH.D. STUDENTS:

• Work with faculty who are nationally recognized leaders in criminal justice and criminological research
• Engage in grant supported, applied research through Institutes within our Criminal Justice Center
• Are financially supported (on a competitive basis) through:
  • Research assistantships
  • Scholarships
  • Travel funding to academic conferences
  • Summer research fellowships

DEPARTMENT OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE & CRIMINOLOGY GRADUATE FACULTY

Gaylene Armstrong (Univ. of Maryland)
Todd Armstrong (University of Maryland)
Danielle Boisvert (University of Cincinnati)
Jeffrey Bouffard (University of Maryland)
Leana Bouffard (University of Maryland)
Mary Breaux (Prairie View A&M University)
Steven Cuvelier (Ohio State University)
Rolando del Carmen (University of Illinois)
Cortney Franklin (Washington State Univ.)
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William (Bill) Wells (Univ. of NE at Omaha)
Yan Zhang (Michigan State University)
Jihong (Solomon) Zhao (WA State Univ.)

For more information, contact Doris Pratt at 936.294.3637 or icc_dcp@shsu.edu.
Lupe Valdez was elected Sheriff of Dallas County, Texas on November 4, 2004. She took the rank of the highest ranking law enforcement officer in the County of Dallas on January 1, 2005. Sheriff Valdez is one of a few female sheriffs in the State of Texas. Sheriff Valdez is the only Latina Sheriff in the Nation. Sheriff Valdez has been in law enforcement for more than 30 years both federal and state. In 2012, she was re-elected to serve her third four year term.

Prior to becoming Sheriff, Lupe worked to protect the lives and property of American citizens at home and abroad in homeland security, antiterrorism investigations, and criminal law enforcement. She has been featured in several books by well-known authors.

As a young child, Lupe learned strong work ethics. She put herself through college to earn a Bachelor’s Degree in Business Administration from Bethany Nazarene College (now Southern Nazarene University) while sometimes working up to two jobs. By developing sterling work habits, she propelled her career in law enforcement. She demonstrated her commitment to constant improvement and education by earning a Master of Arts in Criminology and Criminal Justice from the University of Texas at Arlington.

While Sheriff, she has worked diligently to address deep structural problems that developed over the preceding 20 years. Understaffed, overpopulated, medically deprived and conditions that were unsanitary. In the past seven years, partnering with Parkland Hospital, Commissioners Court, County Probation Office, and the District Attorney’s Office, she has 400 new detention service officers, expanded the highway patrol system, and improved the quality of healthcare for mentally ill inmates. In addition, Sheriff Valdez has located probation absconders, thus removing the most wanted and dangerous individuals from the neighborhoods, and begun the construction of a major hospital within the jail.

Lupe’s commitment to public service is also demonstrated as a member of various community committees, task forces, and law enforcement associations and advisory committees. She has received numerous awards, recognitions, and has been featured in more than seven publications including a text book.
Schedule of Events at a Glance

Breaks, Competitions, Panels, Posters on 3rd floor Main Building

Wednesday, October 1, 2014

4:00-6:00pm Executive Board Meeting (TBA)

Thursday, October 2, 2014

10:00-5:00pm Registration (Location: Bastrop)
1:00-4:00pm Feature Roundtable/Workshop (Location: Blair)
4:00-5:30pm Undergraduate Quiz Bowl (Bastrop)
6:30-8:00pm Past President's Reception - Black Dragon Pirate Ship Cruise
Student Reception - Sea4ever Rooftop Bar & Grill (Schlitterbahn)

Friday, October 3, 2014

7:00-9:00am Breakfast (Location: Bastrop)
7:30am-5:00pm Registration (Location: Bastrop)
7:30-8:15am Event Set Up - Poster Presentations (Location: Bastrop)
8:30-9:45am Poster Session I, Panels, & Roundtable: 1-4
9:45 -10:00am Morning Break (Location: Bastrop)
10:00-11:15am Poster Session II, Panels, & Roundtables: 5-8
11:30-1245pm Luncheon & Keynote Speaker (Location: Hibiscus – 1st floor)
1:00-5:00pm Events, Panels, & Roundtables
1:00-4:445pm Student Crime Scene Interpretation (CSI) competition (TBA)
1:00-2:15pm Panels & Roundtables: 9-12
2:30-4:45pm Panels & Roundtables: 13-16
4:45-5:15pm Afternoon Break ((Location: Bastrop)
5:00-6:00pm SWACJ: (all) Awards, Business Meeting, and Officer Election
(Location: Bastrop)

Saturday, October 4, 2014

7:00-9:00am Breakfast (Location: Bastrop)
7:30-9:30am Registration (Location: Bastrop)
8:00-9:30am SWACJ Audit Committee meets (TBA)
8:30 – 11:45am Panels and Roundtables: 17-23
9:45 -10:15am Morning Break (Location: Bastrop)
12 noon End of conference
Thursday, October 2, 2014

10:00-5:00pm Registration (outside of Bastrop)

1:00-4:00pm *Feature Roundtable/Workshop* (Location: Blair)
   Dr. Mary Stohr: ACJS Certification Process Update

4:00-5:30pm Undergraduate Quiz Bowl (Location: Bastrop)
   Monitor: Dr. Jiletta Kubena, Our Lady of the Lake University

6:30-8:00pm Past President's Reception - Black Dragon Pirate Ship Cruise
   Student Reception - Sea4ever Rooftop Bar & Grill (Schlitterbahn)

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7:30-8:15am Event Set Up - Poster Presentations (Location: Bastrop)
8:30-9:45am *Poster Session I, Panels, & Roundtables 1-4*

**Poster Session** (Location: Bastrop)

- The Bell County Mental Health Indigent Defense Program: Reducing Recidivism of Defendants with Mental Illness
- Exploring constructs associated with desistance in two high-risk probation populations
- America’s Sex Crime Policy: An Analysis
- The impact of fairness on police officers’ perceived organizational support and organizational trust.
- Reentry and Faith-Based Organizations: Best Practices
- Waging Peace: Community Policing, Democracy, & Justice
- Substance Abuse among Combat Veterans with Post Traumatic Stress Disorder
- Managing A Criminal Justice Student Group: Best Practices
- Assessing the Effectiveness of Specialized Police Units near Government Buildings
- Incorporating a Service Learning Component into a Juvenile Justice Course
- Exploring the Benefits of Joint Task Forces
- Exploring the Effect of Exposure to Short-term Solitary Confinement on Inmate Violence

**Panel 1: Laws and Policies Part I** (Location: Blair)

- Mobile Phone Use and Driving: Legislation and Deterrence
- The Impact of Casinos on the Oklahoma Criminal Justice System
- Combatting Corruption through the Restorative Justice System in Nigeria
- Not All Crime Policies are Created Equal: Presidential Speeches, Symbolic Rhetoric and Seven Crime Policy Types
Panel 2: Roundtable (Location: Fabian)

- Roundtable: Contemporary Issues in Policing: Current Research From the Field

Panel 3: Criminal Theory I: Victims and Crime at School (FS) (Location: Souryal)

- Community Crime and Involvement on School General Crime
- Bullet by Bullet: Decoding School Shootings
- Human Sex Trafficking Sexual Exploitation: Strip Clubs, Minor Children, Prostitution

Panel 4: Corrections Part 1 (Location: Henson)

- Recidivism Among Bond Eligible Offenders Who Remain Jailed Pretrial
- A Legal Analysis of the Medically Recommended Intensive Supervision Statute In Texas
- America’s Aging Prison Population

9:45 -10:15am  Morning Break (Location: Bastrop)

10:00-11:15am  Poster Session II, Panels, & Roundtables: 5-8

Poster Session (cont.) (Location: Bastrop)

Panel 5: Roundtable (Location: Blair)

- Am I a Sheepdog?

Panel 6: Roundtable (Location: Fabian)

- Community and problem-oriented policing: Problems to successful solutions

Panel 7: Courts (Location: Souryal)

- Selected U.S. Supreme Court 2013-14 Term Opinions
- Lobbyists before the U.S. Supreme Court: An analysis of "Friend of the Court" participation in criminal procedure cases (1994 to 2012 terms)
- The decision to editorialize: An analysis of editorial content in mass media coverage of criminal procedure cases decided by the U.S. Supreme Court (1994 to 2013 terms)
- An Assessment of Factors Related to Success in a Specialized Drug Court Program.
- The Form and Function of Frontloading Mitigation in Capital Trials

Panel 8: Field Applications I (Location: Henson)

- Policing Islamic Terrorism
- Sovereign Citizens: All Acts of Terrorism Start with a Criminal Act but not all Criminal Acts are Terrorism
- Encountering Magic, Witchcraft and Religion in the Criminal Justice Fields: An Anthropological Approach
Panel 9: Roundtable (Location: Blair)

- The Supreme Court and Criminal Justice: Significant Cases from the 2013 Term

Panel 10: Corrections Part II (Location: Fabian)

- An Exploratory Analysis of the School to Prison Pipeline and DMC in Texas
- Looking Away? Contraband in Secure Correctional Settings

Panel 11: Policing I: Officers’ Perceptions (Location: Souryal)

- Public trust, cooperation with the Police, Police expectations from the public and police legitimacy in Nigeria: Does procedural fairness really matter?
- Badges, Bongs, Bookies, and Brothels: Police Officer Attitudes’ toward Vice
- Testing Black’s Theory of Law on the Issuance of Speeding Citations Compared to Other Moving Violations in a Southern Suburban Community in the United States

Panel 12: Juveniles (Location: Henson)

- Project CEO: Building an Effective Community Organization to Prevent and Reduce Juvenile Delinquency
- An Examination of limited drug use among African American youth: A partial use of Resilience Theory
- Assessing the Intervening Health Effects of Victimization on Delinquency: A Review of the Literature and Future Directions
- Is the use of residential placement for juvenile delinquents punitive or rehabilitative?
- Which Bond Matters More?: Assessing the Differential Strengths of Parental Bonding Measures on Adolescent Delinquency Over Time

Panel 13: Presentation (Location: Blair)

- Chemical Suicides
Panel 14: Criminal Theory II (Location: Fabian)

- Fluctuations in Homicide Rates and Extreme Weather Patterns; Trends in Oklahoma City
- Neighborhood Influences and Calls for Service: A Test of Social Disorganization theory
- Development and Validating an Instrument to Measure Fear of Crime
- Quantifying Religiosity: A Test of Unidimensional vs. Multidimensional Measures

Panel 15: Roundtable (Location: Souryal)

- Engaging Undergraduates in Research-Based Service Learning Projects: A Student and Faculty Discussion of an Evaluation of the Houston Police Department's G.R.E.A.T. Program

Panel 16: Field Applications II: Community Policing (Location: Henson)

- Exploring the Benefits of Joint Task Forces
- Community Oriented Policing and Partnerships
- African Security and Community Policing
- Decoding Non-Verbal Communication in Law Enforcement

4:45-5:15pm Pre-meeting Break (Bastrop)

5:00 – 6:00pm SWACJ Meeting (Bastrop)
All awards
General business meeting
Election (2d VP)

Saturday, October 4, 2014

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<tr>
<td>7:00-9:00am</td>
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<tr>
<td>10:00-11:45am</td>
<td>Panels &amp; Roundtables: 21-23</td>
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<tr>
<td>12 noon</td>
<td>End of conference</td>
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Panel 17: Roundtable (Location: Blair)

- Title IX victim outcry: Circumvent shaming, blaming, and guilt

Panel 18: Policing II: Race and Policing (Location: Fabian)

- Policy Recommendations: Toward A New Police Force
- The Summer in Ferguson, Missouri and Similar Stories
Panel 19: Laws and Policies II (Location: Souryal)

- Measuring the Effect of Increased Criminal Penalties on Violations of Protective Orders
- Establishing Paternity Relevance and Application to the Criminal Justice System

Panel 20: Criminal Justice Education (Location: Henson)

- Measuring Student Learning Within a Border University Criminal Justice Program
- Literature, the Law and the Criminal Justice Class

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<th>9:45 -10:15am</th>
<th>Morning Break (Location: Bastrop)</th>
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<td>10:00-11:45am</td>
<td>Panels &amp; Roundtables: 21-24</td>
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Panel 21: Roundtable (Location: Blair)

- Restorative Justice: Victims, Offenders, and the Community

Panel 22: Roundtable (Location: Fabian)

- Interdisciplinary Concepts in Teaching at a Border Community College

Panel 23: Field Applications III (Location: Henson)

- The X-26 Taser Governor Application
- School District Police in the Twilight Zone
- The Control of Chaos: A Historical Analysis of Policing Riots

End of Conference

A Special Thank You to Dr. Sue E. Ritter & Our Host Institution
WELCOME TO THE VALLEY SWACJ!

If you have any questions about South Padre Island or the Valley, just ask one of the students wearing their Mid-Valley Criminal Justice Club tee shirt.

STC Mid-Valley Criminal Justice Club

“Leading the Way”

The Mid-Valley Criminal Justice Club was named the first Student Organization of the Year in 2005. There have been only three such awards ever given out.

What do we do? We Lead.

The CJ Club has had more members graduate from the Student Leadership Academy any other student organization or major. Club Advisor Professor Peterson is the first and only one of two faculty to go through the Academy and graduate.

We Listen. We Serve.

The CJ Club invites speakers to its meetings on a regular basis. Club members also attend conferences at STC and other colleges and universities.

The CJ Club has maintained its Adopted Highway for eleven straight years. No other STC organization has participated in the Adopt-A-Highway Program. The CJ Club has participated in the Rio Reforestation project for twelve years. We regularly participate in cleanup activities at the Santa Ana Wildlife Refuge. It’s amazing what we find.
Over 200 Mid-Valley Campus CJ students have graduated from Community Emergency Response Team training, students truly leading the way!

Nearly 400 CJ students from the STC Mid-Valley Campus are FEMA certified in numerous areas.

The Mid-Valley Criminal Justice Club has hosted a Career Day at the STC Mid-Valley Campus for ten years running; the first and only such event at our Campus for any field of study for many years.

WE WIN!

The CJ Club has been the defending Spring Olympics champion six times in ten years.

Students, under the direction of advisors, are responsible for producing and publishing this document. Students bear the primary responsibility for this production and its contents do not necessarily reflect the opinions and beliefs of the South Texas College faculty, staff, administration, and Board of Trustees.
The Southwestern Association of Criminal Justice (SWACJ)

Is Proud to Sponsor

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“The Southwestern Association of Criminal Justice is proud to sponsor the Journal of Qualitative Criminal Justice & Criminology. It is our intent to make the journal the primary journal of qualitative research for both disciplines, and that it will be recognized as a leading journal in the field. This is our commitment.”

Members
Executive Board

SOUTHWESTERN ASSOCIATION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE
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SWACJ Web Page: www.swacj.org
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Sessions

**Thursday 1:00 - 4:00 PM**

Feature Roundtable/Workshop: ACJS Certification
Mary K. Stohr, Executive Director

The certification process available through ACJS

**Friday 8:30-9:45 AM**

**Poster session Part 1** (Location: Bastrop)

Monitor: George Day, East Texas Baptist University

The Bell County Mental Health Indigent Defense Program: Reducing Recidivism of Defendants with Mental Illness
Isaac V. Gusukuma, University of Mary Hardin-Baylor
Katura Hart, University of Mary Hardin-Baylor
Brandy Gifford, University of Mary Hardin-Baylor
Brian McNeill, University of Mary Hardin-Baylor

Exploring constructs associated with desistance in two high-risk probation populations
Steve Boehm, Texas Lutheran University

Crime and Victimization in Gentlemen’s Clubs
Tayler Hawks, Washburn University

This study represents a qualitative exploration into the correlation between gentlemen’s clubs and crime and victimization, if any. Explored are the types of crimes that occur in gentleman’s clubs, including drug sales and use, prostitution, and both physical and sexual violence. The target population is a sample of employees of gentlemen’s clubs in a mid-sized Midwest City. Conclusions may be drawn in regards to the correlation between crime rates and gentlemen’s clubs in a particular area.

An Ignored and Forgotten Policy: The Prison Rape Elimination Act of 2003
Samantha Sosnowski, Texas A&M University – Central Texas

America’s Sex Crime Policy: An Analysis
Ashley Kirkpatrick, Texas A&M University – Central Texas

The Matthew Shepard and James Byrd Jr., Hate crime prevention Act of 2009
Hilario Perez, Texas A&M University – Central Texas

On October 28, 2009 President Barack Obama signed into law the Matthew Shepard & James Byrd Jr., Hate Crime Prevention Act. This act would change the face of hate crime legislation forever.
Although fairly new, the policy itself has been decades in the making. The following policy analysis will break down the Matthew Shepard & James Byrd Jr., Hate Crime Prevention act in order to get a better understanding about hate crimes and hate crime laws in the United States. The impact of fairness on police officers' perceived organizational support and organizational trust Marcus Carey, Texas State University

Reentry and Faith-Based Organizations: Best Practices
Jiletta Kubena, Our Lady of the Lake University

Waging Peace: Community Policing, Democracy, & Justice
Phil Rhoades, Texas A&M University – Corpus Christi

Building on the theme of engaging in a protracted struggle, the possibility that Community Oriented/Problem Oriented Policing forms can contribute to democracy and justice effectively is examined. Sub-themes of representative bureaucracy and distributive justice are connected to COP/POP using principles of protracted struggle. If done well police can move from waging war to waging peace.

Substance Abuse among Combat Veterans with Post Traumatic Stress Disorder
Christopher Naimo, University of Mary Hardin-Baylor

Managing a Criminal Justice Student Group: Best Practices
Harrison Watts, Our Lady of the Lake University

Assessing the Effectiveness of Specialized Police Units near Government Buildings
Dustin Melbardis, Texas State University

Incorporating a Service Learning Component into a Juvenile Justice Course
Sarah Scott, Texas A&M University – Corpus Christi

Exploring the Effect of Exposure to Short-term Solitary Confinement on Inmate Violence
Robert G. Morris, University of Texas – Dallas

Exploring the Benefits of Joint Task Forces
Dawson Saia, Washburn University

This study was a qualitative investigation on the benefits of having Joint Task Forces in multiple jurisdictional law enforcement agencies. The study was aimed to compare the working relationships between law enforcement agencies on the local, state, and federal level by interviewing actual law enforcement officers in the Joint Task Forces and the administrators above those officers. Observed in this study was how well working relationships were between agencies, the crimes solved the Joint Task Force was assigned to solve, and if the resources within the Joint Task Force were useful to all the agencies involved.
Panel 1: Laws and Policies Part I (Location: Blair)

Chair/Discussant: Gabriel Ferreyra, Texas A&M University – Corpus Christi

Mobile Phone Use and Driving: Legislation and Deterrence
Valerie G. Womack, University of Texas - Dallas
Nadine M. Connell, University of Texas - Dallas

Bans on mobile phone use while driving have the potential to encourage drivers to operate in safer ways, potentially leading to gains similar to those seen with the institution of stricter DWI laws in reducing motor vehicle crashes. Traffic code vagaries, however, currently impede deterrence and research efforts. This study reviews these laws and their corresponding publicity in a general deterrence context. Texas Department of Transportation crash data is analyzed and fixed effects model results are presented in the context of existing developments to highlight changes over time in Texas crash rates. Legislation and future research implications are discussed.

The Impact of Casinos on the Oklahoma Criminal Justice System
Dan R. Brown, Southwestern Oklahoma State University

In 2004, Oklahoma voters approved legalized gambling in the State of Oklahoma. The governor of Oklahoma was authorized to enter into compacts with 26 Native American tribes, to allow the establishment of Tribal casinos on tribal lands. This paper will examine the impact of these casinos on the Oklahoma Criminal Justice system, focusing on the increased number of crimes, larceny, and embezzlement that can be attributed to a gambling addiction. The paper will conclude with an analysis to possible solutions to problem of gambling addiction.

The Federal Criminal Justice System in Mexico: A Case-Study on Narco-Politics, Drug Trafficking, and Corruption in Michoacán State
Gabriel Ferreyra, Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi

The Michoacanazo was a federal criminal trial in Mexico prosecuted by the Attorney General’s Office against local and state public officials from the state of Michoacán who were indicted for having ties with the local drug cartel formally known as “La Familia Michoacana.” More than 30 public servants were arrested and then sent to prison during a roundup conducted by the federal police in May 2009. Within a two-year period, all of them were eventually freed. This paper provides a glance at the interstices of the Mexican federal criminal justice process when powerful interests collide, and corruption intertwines, with politics, a drug cartel, and the complexities of handling drug related trials.

Combatting Corruption through the Restorative Justice System in Nigeria
O. Oko Elechi, Mississippi Valley State University

This study makes a case for the employment of restorative justice principles and practices in combating corruption in Nigeria. Available records show that the political and economic elites of society who perpetrate corruption are able to manipulate the legal system to escape prosecution. Again, prosecuting corruption through the traditional criminal justice system is costly and ineffective. Diverting corruption cases from the courts would increase cases brought to justice and the willingness to prosecute in a society that is averse to punishment especially for its elites. It is
believed that the restorative justice system offers a better strategy for holding corrupt officials accountable.  

Not All Crime Policies are Created Equal: Presidential Speeches, Symbolic Rhetoric, and Seven Crime Policy Types  
Willard M. Oliver, Sam Houston State University  
Nancy E. Marion, University of Akron  
Joshua B. Hill, Tiffin University  

The current research posits not all crime policies are the same and divides them into seven crime policy categories: law enforcement, courts, corrections, juveniles, guns, death penalty, and drugs. Drawing upon the theory of symbolic rhetoric and categorizing presidential speeches from 1948 through 2010, this study employs logistic regression to explain the influencing variables upon the likelihood presidents will employ symbolic rhetoric for each of these crime policy types. Findings suggest that while the use of symbolic rhetoric is different for each crime policy issue, there are two key factors matter overall: divided government and party affiliation.  

Panel 2: Roundtable (Location: Fabian)  

Contemporary Issues in Policing: Current Research from the Field  
David Carter, Michigan State University  
Rick Holden, University of North Texas - Dallas  

Panel 3: Criminal Theory I: Victims and Crime at School (FS) (Location: Souryal)  

Chair/Discussant: Stephanie Cardwell, University of Texas - Dallas  

Community Crime and Involvement on School General Crime  
Stephanie M. Cardwell, University of Texas - Dallas  
Suzanne E. Perumean-Chaney, University of Alabama at Birmingham  

Some researchers have suggested that community violence may influence school violence. One argument is that socially disorganized communities with high crime rates increase violence in their neighborhood schools. Another argument is that school violence is imported into schools from students who live in socially disorganized communities. Few studies, however, have directly assessed these two viewpoints within the same statistical model. Utilizing data from 2,560 school administrators from the 2007-2008 School Survey on Crime and Safety (SSOCS), this study will examine whether the level of community crime predicts the occurrence of school general crime.  

Bullet by Bullet: Decoding School Shootings  
Courtney S. Wayne, University of Texas - Dallas  
Nadine M. Connell, University of Texas - Dallas  
Nina Barbieri, University of Texas - Dallas  

School shootings are a controversial topic not only in academia, but in the news media as well. The tragic events at Columbine, Red Lake, and Newtown, however, may not encompass the reality of shooting events at K-12 institutions. The assumption that all school shootings are the same is not a realistic one. An examination of these incidents suggests a more nuanced typology is necessary in order to better prevent such events and work with schools to promote safety. We offer such categorization and discuss implications for prevention and research.
Human Sex Trafficking Sexual Exploitation: Strip Clubs, Minor Children, Prostitution
Kelly E. Peterson, South Texas College

Trafficking is not a new issue, it is centuries-old. It exists in one form or another in virtually every country in the world. Trafficking is conventionally divided into two forms, trafficking for commercial sexual exploitation and trafficking through forced labor and debt bondage. The trafficking issue is worldwide. Transnational criminal organizations are actively involved and, in some instances, human trafficking is fast supplanting drug trafficking as the primary revenue source.

Panel 4: Corrections Part I (Location: Henson)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Philip Ethridge, University of Texas - Pan American

Recidivism among Bond Eligible Offenders Who Remain Jailed Pretrial
Michele Bisaccia Meitl, University of Texas – Dallas
Robert G. Morris, University of Texas – Dallas

In the United States, criminal defendants are subject to a detention hearing in which a judge decides whether the defendant is eligible for pretrial release. In many cases, the court sets bail, yet the defendant remains in jail. Until now, there is little known about whether the option, or necessity, to remain in jail pending trial impacts the likelihood of recidivism among defendants returned to society, or whether the amount of pretrial detention may play a role. This study assesses whether remaining in jail pretrial, and whether the amount of time in jail prior to trial, impacts the likelihood of recidivism among defendants jailed in Dallas County, Texas.

A Legal Analysis of the Medically Recommended Intensive Supervision Statute in Texas
Philip A. Ethridge, University of Texas Pan American
Thomas G. White, University of Texas Pan American

For more than twenty years lawmakers in Texas acknowledged that special needs offenders housed in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice, such as the elderly, physically handicapped and the mentally impaired, presented challenges in both terms of care and cost. In response to these perceived needs the Texas legislature created “Medically Recommended Intensive Supervision” (MRIS) to permit the early release of eligible offenders. This study examines the MRIS statute and how/why the MRIS law was implemented. We elaborate on recent legislative attempts to amend the MRIS law. Finally, several conclusions are discussed about future changes to the MRIS law.

Friday 10:00-11:15 AM

Poster session (cont.) (Location: Bastrop)

Moderators: Lorie Rubenser, Sul Ross State University
Marc Hughes, South Texas College
Panel 5: Roundtable (Location: Blair)

Panel Chair/Discussant: James Blair, South Texas College

Am I a Sheepdog?
Rogelio Escanceled, South Texas College
Marc Stough, South Texas College
Janelle Billings, South Texas College
Jim Schultz, McAllen Fire Department

The analogy of the Sheepdog by LTC Grossman is gaining popularity in the fields of public safety and national defense. A panel representing a cross-section of these fields will discuss their views on the applicability of this analogy.

Panel 6: Roundtable (Location: Fabian)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Christine A. Nix, University of Mary Hardin-Baylor

Community and problem-oriented policing: Problems to successful solutions
Lupe Valdez, Sherriff - Dallas County Sheriff’s Office
William Hitch, University of Mary Hardin-Baylor/Woodway Public Safety
Michael Holguin, Chief – University of Texas –Brownsville Police Department

This round table discussion is an opportunity both academics and professionals to share ideologies in regard to communities, policing, and the changing culture of agencies.

Panel 7: Courts (Location: Souryal)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Adam Trahan, University of North Texas

Selected U.S. Supreme Court 2013-14 Term Opinions
David Perkins, Texas State University

This paper examines recent selected opinions from the U.S. Supreme Court's 2013-14 term. Fourth, Fifth, and Eighth Amendment cases will be emphasized.

Lobbyists before the U.S. Supreme Court: An analysis of "Friend of the Court" participation in criminal procedure cases (1994 to 2012 terms)
Kevin Buckler, Prairie View A & M University

This is a descriptive study of interest group participation in criminal procedure cases decided by the U.S. Supreme Court. The analysis examines participation by the U.S. Solicitor General, non-party states, public interest organizations, specific interest organizations, and individuals. The study provides a discussion of the role of interest groups in criminal procedure appellate litigation.
The decision to editorialize: An analysis of editorial content in mass media coverage of criminal procedure cases decided by the U.S. Supreme Court (1994 to 2013 terms)
Kevin Buckler, Prairie View A & M University

This study analyzes media decisions to publish an editorial focused on a case before the U.S. Supreme Court. The study addresses two types of editorials on a case: those published prior to the court's decision and those published in the aftermath of the decision. Decisions to publish an editorial are examined for the New York Times, Washington Post, and USA Today.

An Assessment of Factors Related to Success in a Specialized Drug Court Program
Haley Zettler, University of Texas – Dallas
Stephen Clipper, University of Texas – Dallas
Jill Johansson-Love, Dallas County Community Supervision and Corrections Department

A recent meta-analysis concluded that adult drug courts are effective in reducing recidivism (Mitchell et al., 2012). As drug court programs appear to be effective in reducing recidivism and providing an alternative route for substance abusing defendants, it is necessary to understand which factors are associated with both successful completion of treatment as well as recidivism. Using data from a large metropolitan county in a southern state and several analytical techniques, the present study assessed the factors associated with program success as well as subsequent recidivism.

The Form and Function of Frontloading Mitigation in Capital Trials
Adam Trahan, University of North Texas

Research suggests that frontloading mitigation in capital trials increases the likelihood of securing life sentences in the aggregate. The utility of frontloading mitigation is, however, seemingly dependent upon certain factors. This paper explores these factors that shape the success of frontloading mitigation. Several case studies and data collected from former capital jurors are used to illustrate the form and function of frontloading mitigation.

Panel 8: Field Applications I (Location: Henson)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Wendy Branwell, South Texas College

Policing Islamic Terrorism
Amir Fakhravar, Lamar University & Institute of World Politics
Sanaz Alasti, Lamar University

This paper is intended to help police executives and other senior executives meet the new challenges involved in countering the threat of Islamic terrorism by explaining the essential components of a counterterrorism plan. This research thoroughly examines the Islamic law of war, including the concept of jihad. Then the paper evaluates terrorists' reliance upon Shari' a as a basis for their actions by using the essential sources of Shari' a. The interpretations of Shari' a that terrorists invoke to support terrorism in the Middle East will be explained, thoroughly analyzed, and rebutted.
Sovereign Citizens: All Acts of Terrorism Start with a Criminal Act but not all Criminal Acts are Terrorism
Kelly E. Peterson, South Texas College
Marc G. Stough, South Texas College

Domestic terrorism—Americans attacking Americans because of U.S.-based extremist ideologies—comes in many forms in our post 9/11 world. Sovereign citizens are anti-government.

Encountering Magic, Witchcraft, and Religion in the Criminal Justice Fields: An Anthropological Approach
Wendy Branwell, South Texas College

This paper/presentation will introduce the functions of magic and witchcraft among U.S. populations as well as demystify the magical practices of Vodun (voodoo) and Santeria. The purposes of, symbolism in and psychological effects of these religious practices will be examined.

Friday 1:00 – 2:15 PM

Panel 9: Roundtable (Location: Blair)

The Supreme Court and Criminal Justice: Significant Cases from the 2013 Term
Craig Hemmens, Washington State University
Claudia San Miguel, Texas A & M International University
Michael Cavanaugh, University of Houston - Downtown
Barbara Belbot, University of Houston - Downtown

Panel 10: Corrections Part II (Location: Fabian)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Camille Gibson, Prairie View A&M University

An Exploratory Analysis of the School to Prison Pipeline and DMC in Texas
Helen Taylor Greene, Texas Southern University
Jermaine Johnson, Texas Southern University
LaShanda Alexander, Texas Southern University

This paper will focus on whether or not there is a relationship between school discipline and DMC in four Texas counties. It includes a review of recent research, and a secondary analysis of the available school discipline and DMC data. It examines whether or not rates of school discipline and DMC vary by race, ethnicity, gender, and geographic location. The paper concludes with a summary of the research and policy implications of the study.

Looking Away? Contraband in Secure Correctional Settings
Camille Gibson, Prairie View A&M University

Contraband refers to items that are prohibited in a correctional facility whether these items are otherwise legal or illegal to have, including legal items in excess of the allowed quantities. These items are prohibited in the interest of the safety and well-being of inmates and correctional staff. This paper describes the types and uses of contraband in both juvenile and secure adult correctional
settings. It addresses the perspective that contraband is necessary for an orderly facility. The latest information on the most common types of contraband, means of entry and the correctional response are also described.

**Panel 11: Policing I: Officers’ Perceptions** (Location: Souryal)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Richard Helfers, University of Texas - Tyler

Public Trust, Cooperation with the Police, Police Expectations from the Public and Police Legitimacy in Nigeria: Does Procedural Fairness Really Matter?
Smart Otu, Federal University
Ndufu Alike Ikwo, Ebonyi State, Nigeria

A major challenge facing the Nigerian’s police is how to balance between performing its task of enforcing the law in a professional manner while obtaining the supports (legitimacy) of the people. Despite growing acceptance of procedural justice world over, the situation is different with policing in Nigeria. Policing in Nigeria remains unarguably, ‘policing without consent’–the idea that police exist only to promote, maintain law and order and protect the government with or without public supports. Thus we ask (1) Do dialogue, perceived neutrality and respect of the citizenries promote police legitimacy in Nigeria? (2) Do citizens’ attitudes to police impact negatively on the organisation’s engagement of procedural justice approach?

Badges, Bongs, Bookies, and Brothels: Police Officer Attitudes' toward Vice
Cody Jorgensen, University of Texas –Dallas

There is a surprising lack of research regarding how the police view vice. This is curious because the police deal with vice offenders on a daily basis. This research extends and refines the work by Wilson et al. (1985) and investigates police officer attitudes' toward vice. Results from descriptive statistics and multivariate models are discussed.

Testing Black's Theory of Law on the Issuance of Speeding Citations Compared to Other Moving Violations in a Southern Suburban Community in the United States
Richard Helfers, University of Texas – Tyler

This study examines moving violation citations issued by 107 police officers in a suburban community while using Black’s theory of law as the theoretical basis. Logistic regression was used to examine the issuance of speeding citations compared to other moving violations by concentrating on the dyad of the violators and officers’ race/ethnicity. The findings revealed white violators were more likely to receive speeding citations than minorities; regardless of the race/ethnicity of the officer. The study shows the importance of expanding race-based examinations beyond America’s largest cities and to include the role between the violators and officers’ race/ethnicity.
Panel 12: Juveniles (Location: Henson)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Marika Dawkins, University of Texas – Pan American

Project CEO: Building an Effective Community Organization to Prevent and Reduce Juvenile Delinquency
Terri L. Elliott, Prairie View A & M University

One strategy to prevent delinquency while empowering youth is entrepreneurship. Plausibly, if persons would effectively instruct youth on the foundations of operating a business, offenses such as property crime and assaults would decline. Many juvenile offenders want “things” and offend to get them. Owning and operating a business takes time, energy, and attention to detail. This work could reduce the amount of time that juveniles have for deviance; their motivation would be the payoff. The mentor must be a strong person. Tax credits could generate the necessary meaningful apprenticeships that this effort would require. Both parties would be direct beneficiaries.

An Examination of Limited Drug Use among African American Youth: A Partial Use of Resilience Theory
Sharmaine Tapper, Prairie View A&M University

In spite of the copious studies on drug use among adolescents based on racial composition, few have been able to explain the difference in age at first use, frequency of usage, dependence, and abuse among African Americans. In comparison to Hispanics and Whites, African Americans have reported the lowest use if any at all, even with increased exposure and risk factors. Using the Monitoring the Future National Survey 2010 data set, a partial application of the Resilience theory revealed the role of religion and self-identity in limited drug use among African American youth. Recommendations for further research is offered.

Assessing the Intervening Health Effects of Victimization on Delinquency: A Review of the Literature and Future Directions
Steven D. Glassner, Texas State University

Childhood victimization has been associated with deleterious physical, mental, and behavioral health outcomes as well as delinquency/criminality later in life. The various health effects associated with early victimization have also been found to mediate the victim delinquent relationship. The goal of the present study is to provide a review of the current literature pertaining to the intervening health mechanism that can increase the likelihood of victims engaging in delinquency/criminality. Future directions regarding the intervening health mechanisms and policy implications for moving forward within this area of focus will be discussed.

Is the Use of Residential Placement for Juvenile Delinquents Punitive or Rehabilitative?
Marika Dawkins, University of Texas-Pan American

This paper examines the use of residential placement for juvenile offenders. Specifically, it focuses on whether residential placement is punitive or rehabilitative. In doing so, the “rights forfeiture” theoretical perspective is used as a framework to discuss the fairness of residential placement to be more or less punitive. Accordingly, the paper provides an overview of juvenile offenders in residential facilities, how residential facilities currently work, and how residential facilities should
work. The difficulties associated with residential facilities working as initially planned, the moral
issues, and implications for future studies are also discussed.

**Which Bond Matters More? Assessing the Differential Strengths of Parental Bonding Measures on Adolescent Delinquency over Time**
Jessica M. Craig, University of Texas – Dallas

In accordance with Hirschi’s social bonds theory, the parental attachment has been found to be a
salient predictor of delinquency across various samples and analyses. However, the literature has
not clarified whether it matters if the juvenile is attached to his/her mother or his/her father. The
present study will address this issue by analyzing the impact of three attachment measures—the
juvenile’s perceived attachment to their mother, their father, and to both parents combined—on
self-reported delinquency using a nationally representative data source.

**Friday 2:30 - 4:45 PM**

**Panel 13: Presentation** (Location: Blair)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Jim Schultz, McAllen Fire Department

**Chemical Suicides**

Over the years, the United States has been importing various items from overseas. Beginning in
2008 we started importing something much more deadly than electronics, trinkets, and toys. A
deadly phenomenon that began in Japan in 2007 has quickly spread to our country, perhaps with the
aid of and easy access to the internet. This deadly phenomenon is known as Chemical
Suicides. Another moniker for this is Detergent Suicides. A case study will be presented from the
McAllen Fire Department’s April 2011 response to one such event. Lessons learned and
precautions to take.

**Panel 14: Criminal Theory II** (Location: Fabian)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Lorie Rubenser, Sul Ross State University

**Fluctuations in Homicide Rates and Extreme Weather Patterns; Trends in Oklahoma City**
Howard A. Kurtz, Southwestern Oklahoma State University

In 2012 Oklahoma City experienced the highest homicide rates since the Oklahoma City Bombing.
It appeared that crime was raging out of control. In the next two years rates dropped dramatically.
Officials and researchers failed to understand what factors influenced this decline. On variable
stands out, the weather. This paper explores the possibly that extremes in the weather might affect
serious crimes like violent homicides.
Neighborhood Influences and Calls for Service: A Test of Social Disorganization theory
Narin Phetthong, Sam Houston State University
Larry T. Hoover, Sam Houston State University
Yan Zhang, Sam Houston State University

The study examines the effect of neighborhood characteristics on citizen emergency calls to the police, testing social disorganization theory using calls for service (CFS) data from the Houston Police Department. Only a few previous studies have examined neighborhood contexts on CFS based on social disorganization theory. Prior research suggests that neighborhood features influence citizen’s decisions to call the police. The results indicates ethnic heterogeneity and structural density have a positive impact on all three types of CFS analyzed (assault, robbery, and burglary). In contrast, poverty has a negative impact on assault and robbery CFS rates.

Development and Validating an Instrument to Measure Fear of Crime
Dahlia Stoddart, Prairie View A& M University
Leslie Larchin, Prairie View A& M University

Understanding students’ perception about fear of crime can set the foundation for law enforcement to develop strategies to counteract gun/firearms related crime situations in schools, colleges, and neighborhoods. However, further study is needed to understand the relationship between fear and gun related crimes. The purpose of this study is to develop and validate an instrument to measure students’ perceptions of fear of crime and guns/weapon related crimes in schools and neighborhoods from the neighborhood disorder, victimization, community control and the sub cultural diversity theoretical framework. Preliminary result from the 40 item instrument yields an internal consistency of .796 Cronbach's Alpha.

Quantifying Religiosity: A Test of Unidimensional vs. Multidimensional Measures
Milton C. Hill, Stephen F. Austin State University
Wendi Pollock, Stephen F. Austin State University

Studies have shown general support for the negative impact of religion upon deviance; however, those studies have been beleaguered by the inconsistency with which religion has been operationalized and measured. Religiosity, or one’s own personal sense of “religiousness,” is a multi-faceted phenomenon, and it is argued that religiosity is better quantified through a multidimensional measure as opposed to a unidimensional measure. The current study compares the use of an 8-item religiosity variable with the use of a unidimensional measure of religiosity in a social control model. Results indicate that both measures predict substance use and delinquency equally. Implications and suggestions for future research are discussed.

Panel 15: Roundtable (Location: Souryal)

Engaging Undergraduates in Research-Based Service Learning Projects: A Student and Faculty Discussion of an Evaluation of the Houston Police Department's G.R.E.A.T. Program
Rebecca Pfeffer, University of Houston – Downtown
Michael Cavanaugh, University of Houston – Downtown
Janice Ahmad, University of Houston – Downtown
David Green, University of Houston – Downtown
Renee Lamberton, University of Houston – Downtown
Joseph Nelson, University of Houston – Downtown
Panel 16: Field Applications II: Community Policing (Location: Henson)

Panel Chair/Discussant: I.D. Onwudiwe, Texas Southern University

Exploring the Benefits of Joint Task Forces
Dawson Saia, Washburn University
Erin Grant, Washburn University

This study was a qualitative investigation on the benefits of having Joint Task Forces in multiple jurisdictional law enforcement agencies. The study was aimed to compare the working relationships between law enforcement agencies on the local, state, and federal level by interviewing actual law enforcement officers in the Joint Task Forces and the administrators above those officers. Observed in this study was how well working relationships were between agencies, the crimes solved the Joint Task Force was assigned to solve, and if the resources within the Joint Task Force were useful to all the agencies involved.

Community Oriented Policing and Partnerships
Ferris Roger Byxbe, Sul Ross State University - Rio Grande College – Del Rio

Determined to combat high levels of crime, a southern city implemented the Neighborhood Enhancement Team (NET) to focus on drug and gang activity using a combination of foot and bicycle patrol, along with the support of community agencies and resources. The program's initiatives proved very successful in reducing crime by forty percent (40%) – surpassing those of national trends. Social order has been returned to the community and annual arrest numbers are continuing their downward trend. It is the purpose of this presentation to delineate those initiatives and present findings for the outcomes of this continuing partnership endeavor.

African Security and Community Policing
I.D. Onwudiwe, Texas Southern University
Rochelle M. Cobbs, Mississippi Valley State University

This paper examines various forms of terrorist networks in Africa, their ideologies, tactics, and funding sources. Furthermore, it provides criminological explanations and remedies that will help to control and prevent the symptoms of insecurity that confront the continent today with particular emphasis on Nigeria.

Decoding Non-Verbal Communication in Law Enforcement
Noel Otu, University of Texas – Brownsville

This study examines the importance of nonverbal communication in law enforcement. In many encounters between police and citizens, the primary focus is usually on verbal statements by suspects rather than on what they might be conveying nonverbally while telling their story. This study argues for an integrated approach in which a police officer understands a suspect’s verbal as well as nonverbal communication. This research reveals that nonverbal communication, or proxemic behavior, tends to constitute a larger proportion of the police communication model than verbal behavior, which should help in establishing authority and dominance as well as ensuring safety. Communication is the essence of criminal justice.
Panel 17: Roundtable (Location: Blair)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Christine A. Nix, University of Mary Hardin-Baylor

Title IX victim outcry: Circumvent shaming, blaming, and guilt
Paul D. Lilly, Howard Payne University
Sue E. Ritter, University of Texas – Brownsville

This round table discussion provides an opportunity for faculty to discuss techniques for listening to victims who report incidents of domestic violence, sexual, and stalking offenses in compliance with campus policies in regard to Title IX.

Panel 18: Policing II: Race and Policing (Location: Fabian)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Ferrin McMillan, South Texas College

Policy Recommendations: Toward a New Police Force
Martin Guevara Urbina, Sul Ross State University-Rio Grande College – Eagle Pass

Considering the historical relationship between the police and community, particularly with the barrios and ghettos of America, police officers, administrators, politicians, social scientists, and others vested in positive social change must advocate for a transformative police force, an all-inclusive first-class police force for a modern America to effectively patrol in a highly technological and globalized world. In this endeavor, those vested in enhancing the American police force should consider transformation throughout the entire police structure, with a special focus on various specific areas—restructuring individual police departments according to departmental and community needs, from training to accountability.

The Summer in Ferguson, Missouri and Similar Stories
Lakisha Alomaja, Prairie View A&M University
Leanna Davis, Prairie View A&M University
Ashley Minter, Prairie View A&M University

This paper describes the context, emerging themes and lessons from the cases of Michael Brown, Trayvon Martin and Eric Garner. All three died in recent times at the hands of men acting in the name of law and order. With racial perceptions of dangerousness evident, families and communities were left to grieve a disproportionate consequence of death for the Black males involved. A sense of related community disempowerment is described so too are the divergent community perspectives in each case. Contextual comparisons are offered towards crafting a path for constructively moving forward with greater understanding to avoid needless tragedy.
**Panel 19: Laws and Policies II** (Location: Souryal)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Doshie Piper, University of the Incarnate Word

**Measuring the Effect of Increased Criminal Penalties on Violations of Protective Orders**  
Richard Riner, University of Texas – Dallas

In 2009, Arkansas increased the penalty for a second offense of violating an order of protection from a Class A misdemeanor to a Class D felony. This study measured the effect of the new penalties on: those with a first offense of violating a protective order; and, those who were convicted of a first offense, thus making them subject to the enhanced penalty. Data were examined for two years prior to the change and two years after the new penalty went into effect. Results suggest that the change did not have the intended effects. Implications will be discussed.

**Establishing Paternity Relevance and Application to the Criminal Justice System**  
Doshie Piper, University of the Incarnate Word

Paternity is a legal term referring to the man recognized by the law as a child’s father for economic support purposes. Establishing paternity is important because it allows children born outside of marriage the same or similar rights and privileges of children born within a marriage. In 1968, the US Supreme Court negotiated several cases where children were being denied the right to parental support, inheritance, surnames, and even benefits from Worker’s Compensation programs. Whether or not absent fathers conform to child-support policies will be explored. Additionally, the impact and implications of economic sanctions that ensure child-support payments are received once paternity has been established are will be examined.

**Panel 20: Criminal Justice Education** (Location: Henson)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Deborah J. Hartley, University of Texas - Brownsville

**Measuring Student Learning Within a Border University Criminal Justice Program**  
Steve Lovett, University of Texas – Brownsville  
Mario A. Davila, University of Texas – Brownsville  
Deborah J. Hartley, University of Texas - Brownsville.

**Literature, the Law and the Criminal Justice Class**  
Larry Karson, University of Houston – Downtown

Instructors use a variety of materials and practices as part of their teaching strategy to facilitate an understanding of the criminal justice system by their students. This may include the reading of various non-fiction works including biographical and autobiographical works such as prison diaries, for example. This paper suggests that canonical literary texts, otherwise not normally considered in a criminal justice lesson plan, offer the opportunity to not only effectively express a variety of concepts or theories in a concise manner, but can also expose students to “the human condition” beyond their own, limited experiences.
Saturday 10:00 – 11:45 AM

Panel 21: Roundtable (Location: Blair)


Restorative Justice: Victims, Offenders, and the Community
Martin Guevara Urbina, Sul Ross State University-Rio Grande College – Eagle Pass Michael Gilbert, University of Texas – San Antonio
Lynn Humeniuk, Howard Payne University

Panel 22: Roundtable (Location: Fabian)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Bob Luckett, South Texas College

Interdisciplinary Concepts in Teaching at a Border Community College
Ferrin McMillan, South Texas College
Sylvia Flores, South Texas College

Panel 23: Field Applications III (Location: Souryal)

Panel Chair/Discussant: Ben Brown, University of Texas - Brownsville

School District Police in the Twilight Zone
Eric W. Moore, Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi
Timothy Frazier, Sergeant, Corpus Christi Police Department

The paper explores the peculiar legal status of school district police and school resource officers. Two different sets of Constitutional rules apply to their activities, depending on whether or not they are acting in a law enforcement capacity or as school functionaries. The Supreme Court case of JDB v. North Carolina, 564 U.S. __ (2011), which required police to consider age in deciding whether to give the Miranda warnings, is likely to add to this confusion. Increased concern over school security since recent mass shootings may also add to the role strain facing school district police.

The Control of Chaos: A Historical Analysis of Policing Riots
Ben Brown, University of Texas – Brownsville

While considerable scholarly attention has been devoted to assessing police efforts to control crime, relatively few studies have focused specifically on police efforts to contain and disband riots. This work provides a historical assessment of events of collective violence and riots in the United States, and the police response to such incidents. Lessons for improving police strategies and tactics are drawn from the analyses of these events, inclusive of democratic strategies (e.g., fostering good public relations) and crowd control tactics (e.g., targeting instigators).

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We appreciate everyone who attended!

Jiletta  Bill
George  Claudia
Tom  David
Christine  Will
James